NUMB. 681

The Daily Gazetteer.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9. 1737.

N°. 699.

of CECIL *Lord* BURLEIGH, *&c. continued.*

IT cannot be conceived, that in such a Situation of Things the Queen could be much at rest, or have any perfect Idea of what the Duke of *Norfolk*'s Designs really were. Sir *William Cecil* saw clearly that the Duke had not dealt candidly with him. He suspected that the Earl of *Leicester* had dealt less candidly with the Queen; wherefore determined to search this Matter to the Bottom. In the mean Time the Queen of *Scots* Ambassador made pressing Instances to Queen *Elizabeth*, for her Liberty: To whom she answered sternly, *That Princess would do well to content herself with her Condition; unless she had a Mind to see some she relied on, shorter by their Heads.* (*a*) In the Result of *Cecil*'s Inquiries he discovered, that the Duke of *Murray* had some Knowledge of this Matter: Whereupon he dispatched *Cary* the Queen's Kinsman, to sound what he thought of the Matter. From the Intelligence deriv'd this Way, Matters took quite a different Turn. The Duke of *Norfolk* coming to Town, made his Submission, and ingenuous Confession of his Practices, which thro' *Leicester*'s Means were not altogether reconcileable to his Duty, he was committed to the Tower, but with Circumstances of Favour. The Persons who had been concern'd with him, made their Submissions likewise; as did the Earls of *Northumberland* and *Westmoreland* in the North; so that by the Secretary's Care, there seemed to be Fair Weather again. And as some Busy-bodies had laid hold of this Opportunity, to publish certain Pamphlets against the Queen of *Scots* Title to the Succession, they were suppressed by a Proclamation. The Bishop of *Ross* also, the Queen of *Scots* Ambassador, was permitted, under the Name of *Morgan Philips*, to publish a Book in Defense of his Mistress's Title; the chief Arguments in which, as he himself acknowledges, were furnished by Sir *Anthony Brown*, the Chief Justice of the Common-Pleas, and *Caryl*, an eminent Lawyer. Which shews, that the Court was come to another Temper than it was in, when *Leicester*'s Intrigues first raised this Storm; which can only be attributed to the Justice, Prudence, and Address of Sir *William Cecil*; who tho' he could not avert all Evils, prevented many, and took away many. (*b*)

THESE Halcyon Days did not last long: The Earls of *Northumberland* and *Westmoreland*, zealous Papists, had entered into far worse Designs than that of countenancing the Duke of *Norfolk*'s Project; for they had been negociating with the Duke of *Alva*, who was then Governour of the *Netherlands* for the King of *Spain*, in Order to the sending over a Foreign Force: The Design of which was to support the Insurrection to be raised, by these Earls and their Friends, in the North, for procuring the Liberty of the Queen of *Scots*, the Discharge of the Duke of *Norfolk*, and restoring the *Popish Religion*.

Of these their Designs the Queen and her Council had some Intimation: They therefore summoned the Earls immediately, to answer certain Charges that were against them. This drove them into Rebellion before they were ready, by which means they were the easier overthrown. This Rebellion was followed by another, raised by *Leonard Dacres*, youngest Son of the Lord *Dacres*, which happily suppress'd; as were also certain Stirs in Wales, and a Rising in *Norfolk* prevented, principally by the Care of Sir *William Cecil*, sole Secretary of State. (*c*) Of this, as he was no Military Man, it is requisite I should afford the Reader some Proof I shall therefore, that he was Three Ways most useful to the Queen and Country on that Occasion. I. By procuring Intelligence on the Manner in which the Northern Lords intended to proceed, and of the Foreign Aids they hoped for; whereby their own Measures were baffled, and the Arrival of Foreign Troops prevented, as also the Queen's Forces easier raised and better posted than they could otherwise have been. (*d*) II. By the Publication of honest and pathetick Writings, addressed to the Commons of *England*; wherein they were shewn the Folly and Danger of such wicked Proceedings; the wretched Characters those Men had on whom they depended; and the miserable Condition they would be in, when their Attempt should be overthrown; whereby Numbers who were inclined to the Party, were restrained within the Bounds of their Duty, and inclined rather to keep their Lives and Estates in Peace, than to hazard both in other Folks Quarrels. These Pieces are yet extant, and shew clearly what Sort of Writings are best suited to the Minds of the *English* Nation, as well as what may be expected from an honest Explanation of Measures well designed. (*e*) III. The Secretary exerted a Skill in Politicks, unknown to any other Man or Times: He laid hold of the Information from various Counties, of Strollers, Vagabonds, and Idle Persons; and directing a Private Search, on a Day certain, throughout the Kingdom, he shut up some Thousands of disorderly People, and thereby preserved the Publick Peace, and the Prisoners themselves. These were the wise, legal, and gentle Measures, whereby this sage Statesman bridled the Mouth of Faction: And tho' the Enemies of the Queen and Nation failed not to rail at him in their Libels, yet did the People, as well as his Royal Mistress, acknowledge his mighty Services, and repaid the extraordinary Pains he had taken, during these troublesome Times, with a loud and general Applause. (*f*)

THE next Year after these Rebellions were suppressed, which was the 13th of the Queen's Reign, the Duke of *Norfolk* was discharged out of the *Tower*. At this Distance of Time it is impossible for us to know whether there was sufficient Evidence to convict him of having any hand in these Insurrections, and intended Insurrections: But in as much as it is certain, that the Rebels pretended his Release to be one of the principal Ends of their Rising, the setting him at Liberty, as soon as it was safe for him to be at Liberty, was indubitably an Act of Clemency in the Queen. Some of her Council, however, had another View in it; they conceived that his Grace was so enamoured of the Queen of *Scots*, that he would certainly enter into new Negotiations with her and her Friends; they therefore prevailed on him to make the most solemn Promises of intermeddling no more with that Princess or her Affairs, in order to obtain his Liberty; and they then assisted in procuring his Liberty, that by breaking these Promises, he might run upon his own Destruction. Whether Sir *William Cecil* had any Knowledge of these Schemes, I cannot say; but this is certain, that on the Duke's Discharge, he gave him such Advice, as would overturn them all: He told him plainly, *That Liberty might be more fatal to him than Confinement; and that as an intended Marriage was the Cause of his Misfortunes, so a proper Marriage would be an easy and speedy Cure of them.* (*g*) This is a Demonstration, that our Statesman was an honest and upright, as he was skilful and indefatigable; one who would spare no Pains to serve his Prince, and yet would not stain his Conscience, even in that Service. His Counsels had now so much Weight, and his Reputation was so far raised above the Reach of *Envy*, that some who had been the most stirring amongst his Enemies, were glad to reconcile themselves, and seek his Friendship: Amongst these was Sir *Nicholas Throgmorton*, *Leicester*'s great Confident and principal *Instrument*, who was soon after snatch'd away by a sudden, and some say, a violent Death, being taken ill at Supper, as he was eating heartily of a Sallad, not at *Cecil's House*, as it stands in the *English* Translation of *Camden*; but at the Earl of *Leicester*'s: He did not die immediately, but in a Day or two after, in a miserable Anguish, not without passionate *Bewailings*, if we may credit some Writers, of his long and faithful Service of a cruel and perfidious Patron, and in good Time for himself, as *Camden* hints, his Head being then, as it had often been before, in great Danger, from the Intrigues with which it was filled. (*b*) As for the Earl of *Leicester* himself, it was impossible for him to wish well to *Cecil*, their Aims being so different, and their Natures so unlike: However, he preserved Appearances, with his usual Precaution; and so Sir *William* found himself for a Time at Ease, from these Troubles and Crosses which Parties at Court had occasioned him, which he improved not so much to his own Benefit as to that of the Publick.

In the Beginning of the Year 1571, viz. on the 25th of *February*, our Statesman was created Lord *Burghley*, tho' he had been called so for some time before. In the Preamble to his Patent, it is said; 'In Consideration not only of the continual Services, 'in the Time of our Predecessors, Kings of *England*; 'but also of the faithful and acceptable Duty he hath 'from the very Beginning of our Reign, always perform'd, and continues still to perform, not only in 'the great and weighty Affairs of the Council 'Board, but in the general Administration of the 'State. And for his Circumspection, Courage, Prudence, Dexterity, Probity of Life, Providence, 'Care and Faithfulness; We, out of our special 'Grace, moved thereto by certain Experience, have 'created, advanced and preferred him to the State, 'Degree, Dignity and Honour of Baron of *Burghley*; 'and have imposed, given, and bestow'd upon him, 'the Name, Stile and Title of Baron of *Burghley*, 'to have and to hold, to him and his Heirs Male 'begotten of his Body, for Ever, *&c.*' Mr. *Camden* remarks, That this Title did the more Honour to his Lordship, because it was conferred by a Princess very sparing of such Favours, who in the Space of Twelve Years, had created but four Barons; and who was known to be so excellent a Judge of *Merit*, that in this Sense, as well as in that of Royal Dignity, she might well be stiled the *Fountain of Honour*. 'No Man, says Mr. *Rapin*, had better deserved than 'he, to receive this Mark of Distinction, which 'was very considerable in the Reign of a Queen who 'conferred Honours with great Circumspection.' Here are the Testimonies of a wise Man, tho' at some Distance from State Affairs, who was Contemporary with the Lord *Burghley*, and of an Historian much in Vogue, who it must be allowed, deals very sparingly in Panegyrick. To these, give me Leave to add, what in my Opinion is of much greater Weight; the Sentiments of *Lesley* Bishop of *Ross*, the Queen of *Scots* Ambassador, who was at this Time a Prisoner in the *Tower*, *on account of his pragmatical and seditious Spirit*, says Mr. *Strype*, *for his indefatigable Zeal in the Service of his Mistress*, say other *Historians*. However it was, thus wrote that eloquent and injurious Prelate to our *Statesman* on this Occasion. 'When I was 'going to write your Lordship's accustomed Stile of 'Honour upon my Letter, I was warn'd of your late 'honourable Promotion; whereof I am most heartily 'glad, for your Virtue, Wisdom and Experience 'hath merited that and much more. And happy is 'that Commonwealth where the Magistrates are so 'elected. *Et quum aut sapientes Gubernant, aut Gubernantes Philosophantur.*' (*i*) How happy was this great Man in the Favour of his Prince, the good Will of his Countrymen, the Praises of his Friends, and the Admiration of those who by Interest were not so: Such be the *Fate* of all *worthy Ministers* in *Britain*.

(*a*) *Camden's Elizabeth, A.* 12°. *Strype's Annals, Vol. II. Rapin, &c.*
(*b*) *Camden. Strype. Rapin.*
(*c*) *Rapin, and the Authors quoted by him.*
(*d*) *Peck's Desiderata Curiosa.*
(*e*) *Strype's Annals, Vol. I p.* 594.
(*f*) *Strype's Annals.*
(*g*) *Camden, Strype.*
(*b*) *See Leicester's Commonwealth. Camden, A.* 12°; *Eliz. Leicester and Cecil's Letters. Strype's Annals, Vol. II.*
(*i*) *See Strype's Annals, Vol. II.*

FOREIGN PORTS.

Cadiz, Aug. 27. *N.S.* On the 19th arrived the Prosperity, Kilpatrick, from Londonderry; the Elizabeth, Tucker, from Genoa; the Lovely Mary, Carroll, from Alicant; the Recovery, Dodsworth, from Messina; the Happy Union, Carr, from Dublin: On the 22d, the Industry, Cush, from Genoa; the Success, Beard, from Malaga; the King George, Paris,

Paris, from Barcelona. On the 19th, sailed the Elizabeth, Corney, for Ireland; the Good Intent, Reynolds; the Sea Nymph, Herman: On the 20th, the Elizabeth, Cheive, for the North; the Jane, Wright, for the Levant: On the 22d, the Success, Orme, for New England; the Barbary Factor, Quick; and on the 23d, the Pemberton, Jones, for the Levant; the Shannon, Holloran, for Limerick; the Switzer, Bogie, for the Levant; the Greyhound, Hubbard, for Seville; the Triumph, Wheeler, for Gibraltar; and the Levant, Glyde, for London.

Leghorn, Sept. 2. *N. S.* No English Ship hath arrived since my last. On the 27th ult. sailed the Prince of Asturias, Sinnott; on the 28th, the Salisbury, Lewis; on the 29th, the Happy Union, Postgate, all for Palermo; and the Bennet, Rider, for Venice.

Elseneur, Sept. 7. *N. S.* My last was of the 3d Inst. since the following Masters have arrived, viz. Nicholas Hooper, of Ramsgate, from London; George Russell, of and from London, both for Petersburg; Joseph Hill, of and for Hull from Narva; William Lotherington, of and from Whitby for Stetin; James Hawkes, of and from London for Stockholm; Francis Spencer, of and from Hull for Koningsburg; John Redwood, and Robert Francis, of and from London for Stockholm; Richard Fendick, of and from London for Dantzick; Elias Gillot, of and for London from Koningsburg; John Dick, of and from Newcastle for the Baltick; Robert Wren, of and for Biddeford from Riga; William Miller, of and for Glasgow from Koningsburg; Robert Parker of Ramsgate, from Riga for London; William Mitchel, of and for London from Riga; Richard Haswell, of and for Newcastle from Riga; John Rowell, of and for London from Riga; Thomas Ager, of and from Sunderland for Copenhagen; John Barrow of Hull, from Sunderland for Koningsburg; John Manning of London, from Copenhagen for Gottenburg; Robert Fowler, of and for London from Stockholm; George Mandison, of and for Hull from Stockholm.

'Those bound for the Baltick sailed Yesterday, 'the Wind at N. W. but those bound out, sailed 'this Afternoon with the Wind at S. E.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Sept. 7. Wind E. N. E. No Ship came down or arrived in the Downs since my last. Remains the Invitation, Storey, for Holland.

Gravesend, Sept. 7. Passed by the Regina, Wormes, from Hamburgh, and the Resolution, Parker, from Riga.

The Rachel Bevis, from San Lucar, is arrived at Falmouth; and the Betty, Gross, from Antigua off of Dover.

LONDON.

Yesterday the Marquis de Cambis, Ambassador Extraordinary from his most Christian Majesty to this Court, was admitted to a private Audience of his Majesty at Hampton Court, to which he was introduced by his Grace the Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cotterell, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Afterwards he had a private Audience of her Majesty, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Grantham, her Majesty's Lord Chamberlain, and conducted by Sir Clement Cotterell, Kt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Last Wednesday the Commissioners for building the Bridge at Westminster met, and examin'd several Proposals for laying the Foundation of the Bridge, and Models of the Machines to be employ'd for that Purpose, and came to several Resolutions thereupon; but being informed, that the Season of the Year was too far advanced to begin a Work of that Consequence, thought proper to adjourn their next Meeting to the first Wednesday in February, soon after which they will begin the building of the Bridge.

Last Sunday Morning Thomas Brown, Esq; was married at Tooting in Surrey, to Miss Trever, one of the Daughters and Coheiress of the late George Trever, Esq; of the said County, a Fortune of 6000 l.

On Wednesday last died, raving Mad, by the Bite of a mad Dog, James Brooks, a Chairman in Charles Street, Soho Square.

Yesterday Morning a Fire broke out in an empty House at Kensington, which destroy'd that, and damaged several others.

Last Wednesday Night, between 10 and 11 o'Clock, a Fire broke out up Three Pair of Stairs in a Back House belonging to the Three Tuns, formerly Lloyd's Coffee-house in Black Fryars, occasioned by a Candle catching hold of the Curtains of the Bed, which in an Hour consumed three Stories of the said House: the Maid, who was in Bed, received some Damage by the same.

A Noli Prosequi is granted in favour of Messrs. Blume and Gringling, two Prussian Officers, for enlisting Men into foreign Service.

Yesterday Morning Mr. Richard Wishaw, an Attorney of Symonds Inn, was married at Stanmore in Middlesex, to Miss Peters, only Daughter of Francis Peters, Esq; Deputy Treasurer of the Inner Temple, an agreeable young Lady, and a handsome Fortune.

Last Saturday died at his House at Colchester, in the County of Essex, Joseph Collyer, Esq; a Gentleman of an Estate of 3500 l. per Annum in the said County.

Yesterday 25 Prisoners were tried at the Old Baily, 3 whereof were Capitally Convicted, viz. John Totterdale for the Murder of his Wife, and Richard Franklyn and Dorrell Smalt for a Burglary. Twelve were cast for Transportation, and 10 Acquitted

Francis Fuller, Esq; was tried for the Murder of Adam Cluff, a Corporal, and Acquitted.

In our last by mistake, the Flota was said to be arrived off Rota the 20th, instead of the 27th of August.

Casualties, Christnings, and Burials last Week.

Broken Leg 1. Burnt 2. Drowned accidentally in the River of Thames, buried at St. Mary at Whitechapel 1. Excessive Drinking 1. Murder'd, buried at St. Botolph without Aldgate 1.

Christned	Males	162	Buried	Males	339
	Females	157		Females	381
	In all	319		In all	720

Increased in the Burials this Week 109.

Whereof have died,

Under 2 Years of Age	256	Forty and Fifty	70
Between 2 and 5	65	Fifty and Sixty	59
Five and Ten	27	Sixty and Seventy	47
Ten and Twenty	31	Seventy and Eighty	24
Twenty and Thirty	55	Eighty and Ninety	19
Thirty and Forty	57	Ninety and a Hundred	0

	Morning	Evening
High Water this Day at London Bridge.	10 27	11 3

Bank Stock 145 5-8ths to 3 4ths. India 178 3-4ths. South Sea 102 to 1-4th. Old Annuity 112 1-half for the Opening. New ditto 111 1-half. Three per Cent. 106 3-8ths. 7 per Cent Loan 113 3-4ths. 5 per Cent. ditto 3 1-4th. Royal Assurance 109. London Assurance 14 7-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 6 l. 19 s. Premium. Old ditto 6 l. 17 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 5 l. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 17 s. 6 d. Premium. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 2 l. 12 s. Welsh ditto, 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 2 3-4ths to 7-8ths per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 123 1-half. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 5 s. 6 d. Stampt ditto 4 l. 7 s. 6 d. to 8 s.

Westminster Bridge Office, Sept. 7, 1737.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Commissioners for Building a Bridge at Westminster, are to meet by Adjournment, on Wednesday the 3d of February next, by Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at their Office in Duke Street, Westminster.

An Infallible and Instant Cure

For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS *of* HEARING, PAIN *or* NOISE *in the* EARS, *&c. by the true Chymical Specifick* DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offer'd to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the least Uneasiness whatever, as many Thousands have experienc'd.

They effectually remove all Pain occasion'd by Cold, strengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing Faculty, almost in an Instant, causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were so very bad, as not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despaired of being ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the certain and almost immediate Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have justly gained for many Years past, have occasion'd (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of such Impositions, these excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only, by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewomen at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.

This Day is Published,

THE Ministry of the Gospel a Work. A Sermon preached at the Ordination Rev. Mr. DANIEL HARSON, at Moreton-Hampstead July 27, 1737. By STEPHEN TOWGOOD. To which A Charge delivered on the same Occasion. By GROVE.

Printed for R. Ford, at the Angel; and J. Gray, Cross-Keys; both in the Poultry.

Where may be had,

I Two Discourses: On Secret Prayer, and Saving
II. The Evidence of our Saviour's Resurrection
III. Thoughts on a Future State.
IV. A Funeral Sermon on the Death of the late Mr. Robert Dareh.
V. A Discourse concerning the Nature of Christ's
All by HENRY GROVE.
VI. Christ the Light of the World; or the principal provements made in Religion by Christianity. By T. AMORY.
VII. The Importance of the Doctrine of the Trinity particularly with Regard to Worship, and the Doctrine tisfaction. By SIMON BROWN.
VIII. The Assembly's Shorter Catechism render'd fitter for General Use.

The Royal BEAUTIFYING FLUID,

SO exceedingly valued by Ladies of Quality and all who have used it, for its transcendent excellency in Beautifying the Face, Neck, and Hands, to the most exquisite Perfection possible, is to be had only at Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Church-yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpressible fine Air to the Features on the Spot, and a surprising Handsomeness to the Hands, which it immediately makes exceedingly and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can sooner or more certain away all disagreeable Redness, Spots, Pimples, Heat, ness, Morphew, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Sun-burn, or any other Discolouring, nor remove all so perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become incomparably fine, clear, plump, soft, and beautifully cause Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a most engaging resplendent whole Countenance, and causes sparkling Life, Spirit, nile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin of the Face Neck, or Hands, and tho' brown, to a natural, youthful Fairness, Smoothness, and ing Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; this ROYAL BEAUTIFYER prepared from the cle of Mercury, or any Thing Metaline, but is perfectly harmless and may be given inwardly even to Children. a pleasant Scent, will not foil the finest Lawn, agreeable to use

But these its admirable Properties, by which it ceeds any Thing whatever for the like Purpose, have many to imitate it under various other Names, fore of such Impositions, the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given such universal Satisfaction to Ladies of Distinction, being only to be had at Toyshop above-mentioned at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle with and no where else in England.

The Great Carminative.

A most famous Tincture for the Wind Cholick,

IN what Part soever lodged; for taking, and in five Minute's Time, it perfectly fevereſt Gripings in the Guts, and immediately Wind from the Stomach or Bowels (as it were) to

For all wandering Pains in any Part soever, some Persons the Forerunners of a fixed Rheumatism, the Gout (mistaken many times under the Notion of tick Ailments) this famous Medicine has not its Fellow, ving wrought Wonders in these Cases on great Numbers People, who, before taking it, could neither sit, stand, at Ease; but were in intolerable Pain Night and Day, taking less than half a Bottle, were absolutely freed from present Pain, and, by a short Continuance of the recovered to perfect Health again.

As for any Belchings or Hiccups, proceeding from or, in short, in any Case of Wind, it may be depended the best, safest, most expeditious, and most sovereign ever yet known.

It is sold only at Mr. King's Picture Shop in the near the Royal Exchange, and at Mr. Martin's Toyshop the Sign of the Three Rabbits near Durham-yard, Strand, at 3 s. the Bottle.

By the said Mr. King and Mr. Martin is also sold for Bottle.

The Princely beautifying LOTION.

Whose INIMITABLE VIRTUES and TRANSCENDENT EXCELLENCIES have gained it so much tion, that envious Imitators endeavour, tho' in vain, to counterfeit it.

It beautifies the Face, Neck, and Hands to the fection, and is in the greatest Esteem amongst Ladies of the first Quality. No Words can sufficiently express tues; for it is not of the Nature of Paint, which and unnatural Gloss on the Skin; but is a Remedy its Use, really gives a Lustre to the most Beautiful, ing the fine Features of the Face, and is so safe, the least Grain of Mercury in it, that it may be taken and if smelled to, is really good against Vapours.

It infallibly kill Worms in the Face, takes away Spots, Wrinkles Pits, or Marks of the Small-Pox, and ly cures any Defects in the Face, giving a charming Lustre and fine Air to the Features, to Admiration.

As for such Persons as are of a swarthy Complexion, bled with any disagreeable Redness, Roughness, Heats, or the like, it is not to be paralleld; for it mately smooths, clears, plumps, nourishes, and whitens to the last Degree, and makes those Persons who before hagged and old, to look young, beautiful, and fair short, it far exceeds any thing that was ever yet made publick, for clearing and beautifying the Skin

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noster-Row.*